

Produced by ACT Health

Reporting period ending 01 June 2023

Reporting period Friday 26 May 2023 to Thursday 01 June 2023 inclusive.

Key statistics for reporting period

For all definitions, please see Explanatory Notes

COVID-19

Table 1: COVID-19 cases by test type and age group, and COVID-19 related deaths

	Reporting Period Ending 01/06/2023 ^a	Percentage (%) of Reporting Period ^d	2023 TOTALbcef	Percentage (%) of TOTAL 2023 ^d
Total Cases	946	100%	14,386	100%
PCR	154	16%	3,157	22%
RAT	792	84%	11,229	78%
Deaths ^e	2	N/A	27	N/A
Age group (years)				
0-4	33	3%	490	3%
5-11	56	6%	719	5%
12-17	88	9%	913	6%
18-24	53	6%	1,070	7%
25-39	217	23%	3,759	26%
40-49	166	18%	2,381	17%
50-64	180	19%	2,614	18%
65+	153	16%	2,440	17%







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 o Cases notified to ACT Health during the reporting period.

^bTotal cases since 1 January 2023.

^cTotal COVID-19 cases for 2023 may not reflect the sum of cases from the last reporting period and this reporting period. Please see Explanatory Notes for further information.

^dPercentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

^eRefers to a COVID-19 death that has been confirmed by ACT Health during the reporting period. Please see Explanatory Notes for further information.

^fCumulative numbers may change due to data cleaning and inclusion of historical cases already known to ACT Health.







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COVID-19-related deaths

- ACT Health has been notified of two COVID-19 related deaths during this reporting period; two females aged in their 70's.
- There have been 27 COVID-19 related deaths in 2023, with the total number of COVID-19-related deaths for the pandemic being 239.

Reporting period details

Table 2: Daily COVID-19 cases by test type for week ending Thursday 01 June 2023^a

Day	PCR	RAT	TOTAL
Friday 26 May 2023	26	83	109
Saturday 27 May 2023	16	79	95
Sunday 28 May 2023	17	60	77
Monday 29 May 2023	14	101	115
Tuesday 30 May 2023	13	159	172
Wednesday 31 May 2023	30	163	193
Thursday 01 June 2023	38	147	185

^aCases notified to ACT Health during the reporting period.



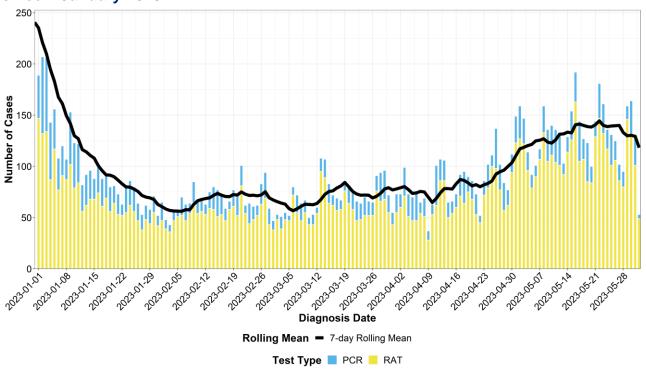




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Figure 1: COVID-19 cases since 1 January 2023 (with 7-day rolling mean) by test type and diagnosis date^{ab}

since 1 January 2023



Notes:

^oThe DIAGNOSIS DATE will be the TRUE ONSET DATE if known, otherwise it will be earliest of the SPECIMEN DATE, the NOTIFICATION DATE or the NOTIFICATION RECEIVED DATE.

^bDue to the case processing system, there is a small proportion of cases that will not appear before the end of the cut-off period. This will result in an under-reporting of the case numbers and average mean for the 48 hours prior to the cut-off period.







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Historical COVID-19 cases

Table 3: COVID-19 case^a totals by year

Year	Total cases ^d	Total COVID-19 related deaths
2020	118	3
2021	4,287	12
2022	222,732	197
YTD 2023 ^{bc}	14,386	27
Total since March 2020	241,523	239

Notes:

COVID-19 Hospitalisations in the ACT

Table 4: Hospitalised cases with active COVID-19^a infections across all ACT hospitals as at 4pm 01 June 2023

	Total ^b
Active cases in hospital	50
In ICU	1
Ventilated	0

Notes:





^aCOVID-19 cases notified to and managed by ACT Health during the reporting period.

^bFrom 1 January 2023 until 4pm 01 June 2023

^cTotal COVID-19 cases may not reflect the sum of cases from last week's reporting period and this week's reporting period. Please see the Explanatory Notes for further information.

dTotal case numbers are subject to change due to data cleaning.

^aPlease see Explanatory Notes for the definition of an active COVID-19 infection in hospital.

^bDue to a technical issue, data have not been available for Calvary Public Hospital since 24 May 2023. Therefore, the current total number of hospitalised cases with an active COVID-19 infection do not include those from Calvary Public Hospital.



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Institutional outbreaks of COVID-19

- Between 26 May 2023 and 1 June 2023 there were six residential aged care facilities (RACFs) with an active COVID-19 outbreak. This compares with four RACFs with an active COVID-19 outbreak between 19 May 2023 and 25 May 2023.
- During the reporting period, no outbreaks in residential disability settings were notified to ACT Health.

Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander status

Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander status reporting will cease in the short term due to a technical issue. The latest data can be found at <u>Weekly COVID-19 Update 12 May 2023</u>.



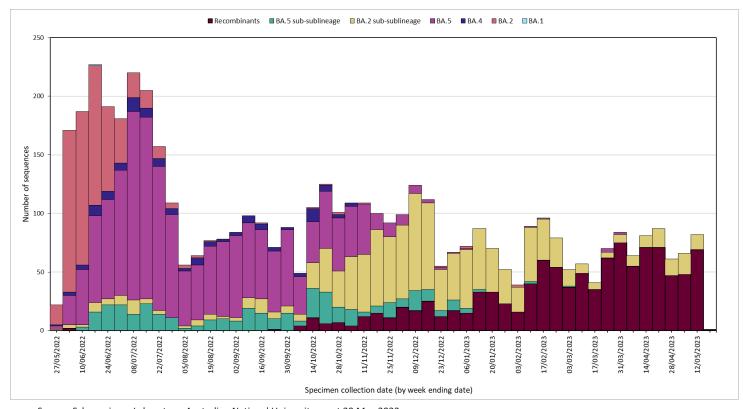




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COVID-19 Whole Genome Sequencing

Figure 2: Number of variant designations of sequenced samples in the ACT since 27 May 2022 by specimen collection date



Source: Schwessinger Laboratory, Australian National University, as at 30 May 2023





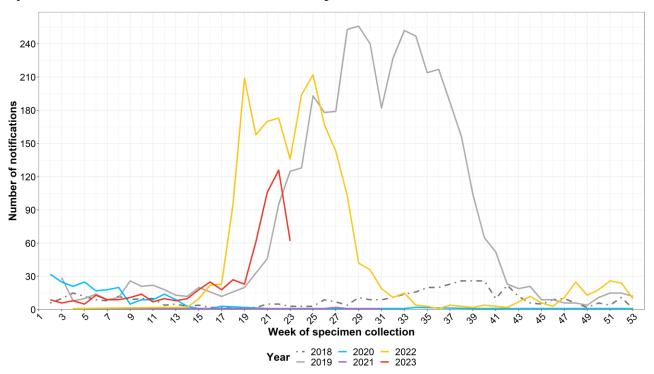


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Influenza

Number of notifications of laboratory-confirmed influenza in the ACT

Figure 3: Number of influenza notifications, by week^a and year of specimen collection, since 1 January 2018



^oDue to the case processing system, there is a small proportion of cases that will not appear before the end of the cut-off period. Additionally, as the calculation for Week of specimen collection runs Monday to Sunday, case numbers for the current week will be under-reported as they only include data from Monday to Thursday.







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Table 5: Number and proportion of influenza notifications by age group and reporting period since 1 January 2023

There were 122 cases^{ae} of influenza notified during the reporting period.

	2023 TOTAL ^{bce}	
Age Group	Notifications	Proportion of Notifications (%) ^d
0-4	78	13%
5-9	151	26%
10-19	93	16%
20-64	219	38%
65+	42	7%
TOTAL	583	100%

^oCases notified to ACT Health during the reporting period.





^bTotal cases since 1 January 2023.

^cTotal cases for 2023 may not reflect the sum of cases from the last reporting period and this reporting period. Please see Explanatory Notes for further information.

^dPercentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

^eOnly the total number of notifications for 2023 and the current reporting period are in shown in this week's report. This is to maintain confidentiality as case numbers are less than 5 for some age groups for the current reporting period.

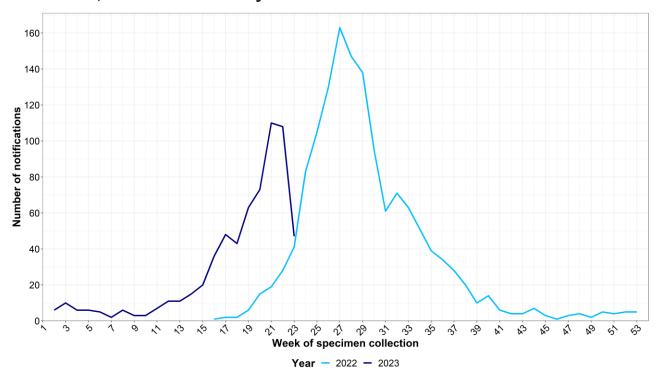


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Respiratory syncytial Virus (RSV)

Number of notifications of laboratory-confirmed Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) in the ACT

Figure 4: Number of RSV notifications, by week^a and year of specimen collection, since 21 February 2022^b



^aDue to the case processing system, there is a small proportion of cases that will not appear before the end of the cut-off period. Additionally, as the calculation for Week of specimen collection runs Monday to Sunday, case numbers for the current week will be under-reported as they only include data from Monday to Thursday.

^bRSV became a notifiable condition in the ACT from 21 February 2022.







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Table 6: Number and proportion of RSV notifications^a by age group and reporting period since 1 January 2023

There were 92 cases^{ae} of RSV notified during the reporting period.

	2023 TOTAL ^{bce}	
Age Group	Notifications	Proportion of Notifications (%) ^d
0-4	394	62%
5-9	27	4%
10-19	21	3%
20-64	133	21%
65+	64	10%
TOTAL	639	100%

^oCases notified to ACT Health during the reporting period.





^bTotal cases since 1 January 2023.

^cTotal cases for 2023 may not reflect the sum of cases from the last reporting period and this reporting period. Please see Explanatory Notes for further information.

^dPercentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

^eOnly the total number of notifications for 2023 and the current reporting period are in shown in this week's report. This is to maintain confidentiality as case numbers are less than 5 for some age groups for the current reporting period.



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Explanatory Notes:

Reporting period is 4pm Friday 26 May 2023 to 4pm Thursday 01 June 2023 inclusive.

COVID-19

This report analyses COVID-19 case notifications, positive by Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) or Rapid Antigen Test (RAT) self-declaration, received by ACT Health.

All analysis is based on data available in the ACT Health Notifiable Disease Management System (NDMS) at the time of reporting and is subject to change. ACT Health continuously performs audit and data cleaning on the information used to provide this report. For this reason, numbers are subject to change. Total COVID-19 cases may not reflect the sum of total cases reported in last week's report and this week's reporting period. This difference in cases is due to ACT Health's case processing system reclassifying some cases following investigation, removal of duplicates, and other case processing activities. In addition, new cases in ACT residents may be identified in previous reporting periods due to the inter-jurisdictional reporting agreements (after receiving a positive COVID-19 test interstate). These will be reflected in subsequent reports.

All case notification data is for ACT residents or non-ACT residents who fall under the management of ACT Health. Prior to 15 October 2022, this included those that had a residential address outside the ACT but remained in the ACT for their period of isolation.

ACT Health must balance the importance of transparency with its legal and ethical obligations to maintain the confidentiality of the personal health information of individuals. As such, not all data tables are updated every week if the count difference between the weeks is fewer than five and if there is a chance of individuals being identified.

Diagnosis date is used to estimate the disease activity within the reporting period. This date represents when a person reported that their symptoms started, or the earliest of the date the PCR was collected/positive RAT was declared, or the date ACT Health received the positive PCR/RAT declaration. Due to potential delays in people seeking a COVID-19 test and the time taken for the test to be notified, the diagnosis date and notification date may differ by several days. This can result in underestimates of case numbers late in the reporting period, with data often appearing to trend down. This should be interpreted with caution and may change in subsequent reports as further notifications are received and data is reanalysed.

The notification received date is the date the positive PCR test was received by NDMS or the date the positive RAT declaration was made. This date provides a useful 'snapshot' of COVID-19 numbers over a shorter time. The diagnosis date can differ from the notification received date, as explained above, therefore case numbers in this report may not match the number of cases reported daily elsewhere for the same period.

Age is calculated as the age of the person on the date when their PCR specimen was collected, or the positive RAT was declared.







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Hospitalisation is defined as a person admitted to an ACT hospital for any reason and does not differentiate between a person admitted for COVID-19 related reasons or for other reasons. It may include those with a residential address outside the ACT. Prior to 24 November 2022, those admitted may be active or cleared cases. From 25 November 2022, reporting includes hospitalised active cases only, as per the ACT Clinical Health Emergency Coordination Centre definition; Hospitalised active case: An inpatient who has tested positive to COVID-19 requiring COVID-19 specific precautions due to their infectious status. Hospitalisation data is reported as a point-in-time snapshot at 4pm on the Thursday prior to the report.

As of 16 June 2022, a RACF COVID-19 outbreak is defined as when two (2) or more residents test positive to COVID-19 within a 72-hour period.

The definition of a COVID-19 related death for surveillance purposes is according to the COVID-19 National Guidelines for Public Health Units. A COVID-19 related death is reported if the person dies with COVID-19, though it may not be the primary cause of death. Deaths under investigation by the coroner will not be reported until the findings have been issued. ACT Health may receive notifications of COVID-19 related deaths that fall within the reporting period after the release of the report. These will be reflected in subsequent reports. From 31 March 2023, COVID-19 related deaths will be reported based on the year of death. Previously this was reported by a mixture of date reported to ACT Health and date of death.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status for COVID-19 cases is determined by optional self-declaration. Prior to 12 April 2023, this data was collected from every case (RAT and PCR) via a case interview and/or an electronically delivered survey. Due to cessation of the case survey on 12 April 2023, this data a has not been available for all the cases since that time. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status continues to be collected from people declaring positive RATs, however, due to technical issues ACT Health is unable to accurately report this data at the current time. ACT Health is investigating avenues for collecting these data for all cases, where reporting can be recommenced.

Due to batching of specimens, whole genome sequencing data are not available until approximately 2 weeks after specimen collection date.

Laboratory-confirmed Influenza and Respiratory Syncytial Virus

This report analyses laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and RSV reported to ACT Health who are residents of the ACT. Influenza and RSV notification data should be interpreted with caution as notification data generally only represents a small proportion of cases of influenza and RSV in the community. Data provided for the current and most recent weeks may be incomplete. All data are preliminary and subject to change as updates are received.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, interpretation of 2020-2022 influenza and RSV notification data should consider: the impact of travel restrictions, quarantine, and social distancing measures; likely changes in health seeking behaviour of the community; and focused testing for COVID-19 response activities.

From 1 January 2022, the definition for a laboratory-confirmed influenza case changed. Please see the <u>Australian national notifiable diseases case definition</u> for more information. This change has minimal impact on the interpretation of influenza notification trends.

From 21 February 2022, RSV became a notifiable condition in the ACT.



